

IN THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-8 (Cancelled).

9. (Previously Amended). A method for forming a seal on a cable having a core material, including the steps of:

removing an amount of an overlayer on the core material sufficient to expose a surface to which a bonding layer may be applied;

creating a bonding layer by plating the exposed surface with a metal to form a metal-plated surface;

applying a bonding agent to at least a portion of the metal after the metal has been plated on to the exposed surface, the bonding agent being applied by:

placing a region of the cable into a mold; and

applying epoxy to a region of the optical fiber disposed in a mold for a sufficient time to bond the epoxy to at least a portion of the metal-plated surface.

10. (Cancelled).

11. (Previously Presented). The method of claim 9, wherein the step of plating the exposed surface includes applying a layer including at least one of chromium, nickel and gold.

12. (Previously Presented). The method of claim 9, wherein the step of applying a bonding agent includes the step of applying epoxy to the metal-plated surface.

13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein:
the cable includes a plurality of optical fibers, each having a silica core; and
the step of plating the exposed surface includes the step of applying at least one of chromium, nickel and gold to each silica core in the cable.

14. (Cancelled).

15. (Currently Amended) An optical fiber cable, including:
a plurality of optical fibers each having a silica core, the cable having a first region wherein at least some of the optical fibers have a first coating, a second region wherein at least some of the optical fibers have substantially no coating, and having a third region wherein at least some of the optical fibers have a second coating;
a metal-plating applied to at least a portion of ~~the~~ a second region;
an epoxy seal bonded to the metal plating of at least some of the optical fibers in the second region and extending partly into the first region and partly into the second region;
a first conductive tube surrounding at least a portion of the first region; a second conductive tube surrounding at least a portion of the third region; and
a conductive housing surrounding at least a portion of the second region, including the epoxy seal;
wherein the first conductive tube, second conductive tube and conductive housing form a continuous conductive path.

16. (Cancelled).

17. (Previously Amended) The optical fiber cable of claim 15, further including an insulating sleeve over each of the first conductive tube, second conductive tube and conductive housing.

18. (Original) The optical fiber cable of claim 17, wherein the insulating sleeve includes polyethylene.

19. (Previously Amended) A system for transmission of data between a first environment having a low relative pressure and a second environment having a high relative pressure, including:

a communications cable including a plurality of optical fibers each having a silica core, the cable having a first region wherein at least some of the optical fibers have a first coating, having a second region wherein at least some of the optical fibers have substantially no coating, and having a third region wherein at least some of the optical fibers have a second coating;

a metal plating applied to at least a portion of the second region;

an epoxy seal being molded about the metal plating of at least some of the optical fibers in the second region and extending partly into the first region and partly into the second region, after at least a portion of the second region has been placed in a mold for a sufficient time to bond the epoxy to the metal plating of at least some of the optical fibers; and

at least one electronics module positioned within the first environment and coupled to a portion of the optical fibers in the first region.

20. (Previously Presented) The transmission system of claim 19, further including: a first conductive tube surrounding at least a portion of the first region;

a second conductive tube surrounding at least a portion of the third region; and

a conductive housing surrounding at least a portion of the second region, including the epoxy seal;

wherein the first conductive tube, second conductive tube and conductive housing form a continuous conductive path.

21. (Previously Presented) The transmission system of claim 20, further including a sleeve over each of the first conductive tube, second conductive tube and conductive housing.

22. (Previously Presented) The transmission system of claim 21, wherein the sleeve includes polyethylene.

23. (Previously Amended) The cable seal of claim 25, wherein a metal is applied to the optical fiber using chemical vapor deposition to produce the metal-plated optical fiber.

24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of plating the exposed surface with a metal to form a metal-plated surface includes plating the exposed surface using a chemical vapor deposition process.

25. (Currently Amended) A cable seal configured to seal a cable against fluid passage in an environment wherein a pressure differential exists between a first region of the environment and a second region of the environment, including:

an optical fiber having at least a portion of a cover substantially removed;

a metal-plating applied to the optical fiber having at least a portion of the cover substantially removed thereby providing a metal-plated optical fiber; and

a bonding agent molded about the metal plated optical fiber, thereby creating a seal about the metal-plated optical fiber, the metal-plated optical fiber being disposed within a mold for sufficient time to ~~bond the epoxy for a sufficient time to bond the~~ an epoxy to at least a portion of the metal-plated optical fiber.;

26. (Previously Presented)The cable seal of claim 25, wherein the optical fiber is plated with at least one of chromium, nickel and gold.

27. (Previously Presented) The cable seal of claim 25, wherein the bonding agent includes epoxy.

28. (Previously Presented) The cable seal of claim 25, wherein the epoxy is bonded to the metal-plated optical fiber.

29. (Previously Presented) The cable seal of claim 25, wherein the cable seal passes through a conductive tube.

30. (Previously Presented) The cable seal of claim 29, wherein the conductive tube is covered with an insulative material such that the cable seal is disposed within the conductive tube covered with an insulative material.

31. (New) The system of claim 19, wherein said metal plating is applied directly to said at least a portion of the second region.

32. (New) The system of claim 19, wherein said epoxy is applied directed to an outer surface of said metal plating.

33. (New) A system for transmission of data between a first environment having a low relative pressure and a second environment having a high relative pressure, including:

a communications cable including a plurality of optical fibers each having a silica core, the cable having a first region wherein at least some of the optical fibers have a first coating, having a second region wherein at least some of the optical fibers have substantially no coating, and having a third region wherein at least some of the optical fibers have a second coating;

a metal plating applied to at least a portion of the second region;

an epoxy seal being molded about the metal plating of at least some of the optical fibers in the second region and extending partly into the first region and partly into the second region; and

at least one electronics module positioned within the first environment and coupled to a portion of the optical fibers in the first region.

34. (New) The transmission system of claim 33, further including: a first conductive tube surrounding at least a portion of the first region;

a second conductive tube surrounding at least a portion of the third region; and

a conductive housing surrounding at least a portion of the second region, including the epoxy seal;

wherein the first conductive tube, second conductive tube and conductive housing form a continuous conductive path.

35. (New) The transmission system of claim 33, further including a sleeve over each of the first conductive tube, second conductive tube and conductive housing.

36. (New) The transmission system of claim 33, wherein the sleeve includes polyethylene.